CLAIMS

We Claim:

1. A method for lubricating a surface of a microelectromechanical device, comprising: attaching the microelectromechanical device to a package substrate;

disposing a container containing a lubricant proximate to the device, wherein the containing has an opening for allowing the lubricant to evaporate from inside the container to the surface of the device; and

sealing the package substrate with a package cover.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the lubricant is a liquid.
- 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising: heating the device to a temperature of from 20°C to 200°C degrees.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the step of heating the device further comprising: heating the device to the temperature for a time period of from 5 minutes to 24 hours.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of sealing the package substrate further comprising:

hermetically sealing the package substrate and the package cover using a sealing material.

- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the container is a capillary tubing.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the container is a capillary cylinder.
- 8. The method of claim 6, wherein the capillary tubing has an interior diameter of from 2 to 500 micrometers.
- 9. The method of claim 6, wherein the capillary tubing has an interior diameter of from 100 to 200 micrometers

10. The method of claim 6, further comprising:

before disposing the container proximate to the device,

dipping an opening end of the capillary tubing into a lubricant solution comprising the lubricant such that an amount of the lubricant is wicked into the capillary tubing.

- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the amount of the lubricant is determined by an interior volume of the capillary tubing.
- 12. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

before disposing the container,

filling the container with the lubricant by a surface force between the container and the lubricant.

- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the container has an interior volume that generally equals a particular amount of lubricant necessary for lubricating the surface.
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the particular amount of the lubricant is from 10 pl to 10 μ l.
- 15. The method of claim 13, wherein the particular amount of the lubricant is from 30 pl to 2 μ l.
- 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the lubricant comprises a perfluoropolyether.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the perfluoropolyether has a molecular weight of from 500 to 5000.
- 18. The method of claim 1, wherein the lubricant comprises a perfluorinated hydrocarbon.
- 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the perfluorinated hydrocarbon comprises 20 carbons or less.

- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the perfluorinated hydrocarbon is selected from alkanes, alcohols, ethers and glycols.
- 21. The method of claim 19, wherein the lubricant comprises an amine.
- 22. The method of claim 16, wherein the lubricant has a melting temperature of around 50°C or lower.
- 23. The method of claim 16, wherein the lubricant has a boiling temperature of around 100°C or higher.
- 24. The method of claim 16, wherein the lubricant has a surface tension of 20 dynes /cm or lower.
- 25. The method of claim 16, wherein the lubricant has a viscosity in liquid phase of from 1cP to 100 cP.
- 26. The method of claim 1, wherein the lubricant is mixed with a diluent that comprises: a perfluorinated hydrocarbon.
- 27. The method of claim 26, wherein the lubricant diluent is liquid at room temperature.
- 28. The method of claim 26, wherein the lubricant diluent does not decompose at a temperature of 200°C.
- 29. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of disposing the container on the package substrate further comprising:

fixing the container in the package such that the container can not move.

30. The method of claim 1, wherein the container is placed in a cavity separated from a cavity in which the microelectromechanical device is placed, but connected to the cavity

having the microelectromechanical device via a tunnel or a hole such that the lubricant evaporated from the container can pass through.

- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein the cavity having the container is in the package cover.
- 32. The method of claim 30, wherein the cavity having the container is in the package substrate.
- 33. The method of claim 6, wherein the capillary further comprises:
- a coating film on the interior surface of the capillary tubing for improving the wettability to the lubricant.
- 34. The method of claim 6, wherein the capillary further comprises:
- a coating film on the exterior surface of the capillary tubing for reducing the wettability to the lubricant.
- 35. The method of claim 6, wherein the capillary further comprises:
- a coating film on the interior surface of the capillary tubing for improving the wettability to the lubricant; and
- a coating film on the exterior surface of the capillary tubing for reducing the wettability to the lubricant.
- 36. A method for lubricating a surface of a microelectromechanical device, comprising: preparing a capillary tubing containing a lubricant that evaporates from an opening-end of the capillary tubing;

placing the prepared capillary tubing into a package having the microelectromechanical device;

sealing the package; and

heating the package such that the lubricant evaporated from the opening-end of the capillary tubing contact the surface to be lubricated.

37. The method of claim 36, wherein the step of preparing the capillary tubing further comprising:

dipping the opening-end of the capillary tubing into a lubricant fluid containing the volatile lubricant for allowing a particular amount of the lubricant to be wicked into the capillary tubing by capillary force.

- 38. The method of claim 37, wherein the lubricant fluid further comprises: a volatile diluent.
- 39. The method of claim 37, wherein the capillary tubing has an interior diameter of from 2 to 500 micrometers.
- 40. The method of claim 39, wherein the capillary tubing has an interior diameter of from 100 to 200 micrometers.
- 41. The method of claim 38, wherein the capillary tubing has a length of from 0.1 centimeter to 5 centimeters.
- 42. The method of claim 41, wherein the capillary tubing has a length of around 1 centimeter.
- 43. The method of claim 37, wherein the particular amount of the lubricant wicked into the capillary is from 10pl to 10µl.
- 44. The method of claim 37, wherein the particular amount of the lubricant wicked into the capillary is from 30pl to 2μ l.
- 45. The method of claim 36, wherein the lubricant comprises a perfluoropolyether.
- 46. The method of claim 45, wherein the perfluoropolyether has a molecular weight of from 500 to 5000.

- 47. The method of claim 36, wherein the lubricant comprises a perfluorinated hydrocarbon.
- 48. The method of claim 47, wherein the perfluorinated hydrocarbon comprises 20 carbons or less.
- 49. The method of claim 48, wherein the perfluorinated hydrocarbon is selected from alkanes, amines, alcohols, ethers and glycols.
- 50. The method of claim 36, wherein the lubricant comprises an amine.
- 51. The method of claim 45, wherein the lubricant has a melting temperature of around 50°C or lower.
- 52. The method of claim 45, wherein the lubricant has a boiling temperature of around 100°C or higher.
- 53. The method of claim 45, wherein the lubricant has a surface tension of 20 dynes /cm or lower.
- 54.. The method of claim 45, wherein the lubricant has a viscosity in liquid phase of from 1 to 100 cP.
- 55. The method of claim 36, wherein the lubricant is mixed with a diluent that comprises: a perfluorinated hydrocarbon.
- 56. The method of claim 55, wherein the lubricant diluent is liquid at room temperature.
- 57. The method of claim 55, wherein the lubricant diluent does not decompose at a temperature of 200°C.
- 58. The method of claim 36, wherein the step of sealing the package further comprises:

covering the package with a package lid; and hermetically bonding the lid to the package substrate.

59. The method of claim 36, wherein the step of disposing the capillary tubing into the package further comprising:

fixing the capillary tubing on the package such that the container can not move.

- 60. The method of claim 36, wherein the capillary tubing is placed in a cavity separated from a cavity in which the microelectromechanical device is placed, but connected to the cavity having the microelectromechanical device via a tunnel or a hole such that the lubricant evaporated from the container can pass through.
- 61. The method of claim 60, wherein the cavity having the container is in the package cover.
- 62. The method of claim 60, wherein the cavity having the container is in the package substrate.
- 63. The method of claim 36, wherein the capillary further comprises:
- a coating film on the interior surface of the capillary tubing for improving the wettability to the lubricant.
- 64. The method of claim 36, wherein the capillary further comprises:
- a coating film on the exterior surface of the capillary tubing for reducing the wettability to the lubricant.
- 65. The method of claim 36, wherein the capillary further comprises:
- a coating film on the interior surface of the capillary tubing for improving the wettability to the lubricant; and
- a coating film on the exterior surface of the capillary tubing for reducing the wettability to the lubricant.

- 66. The method of claim 36, further comprising: heating the package.
- 67. A microelectromechanical package, comprising:
 - a package substrate;
- a microelectromechanical device having a surface to be lubricated, wherein the microelectromechanical device is disposed on the package substrate;
- a container containing a lubricant that evaporates from an opening of the container so and contacts the surface to be lubricated; and
 - a package cover that is bonded to the package substrate for sealing the package.
- 68. The package of claim 67, wherein the container is a capillary tubing.
- 69. The package of claim 67, wherein the container is a cylinder.
- 70. The package of claim 68, wherein the microelectromechanical device is a micromirror device.
- 71. The package of claim 70, wherein the micromirror device comprises a micromirror assembly having two substrates.
- 72. The package of claim 71, wherein the two substrates are bonded together; and wherein the bonded substrates have an opening between the substrates such that the lubricant flows through the opening and contact the surface to be lubricated between the substrates.
- 73. The package of claim 72, wherein the one of the two substrates is glass that is transmissive to visible light, and the other one is a standard semiconductor wafer.
- 74. The package of claim 73, wherein the glass substrate has an array of micromirrors formed thereon.

- 75. The package of claim 74, wherein said the other substrate has an array of electrodes formed thereon for deflecting the micromirrors.
- 76. The package of claim 75, wherein the glass substrate having the micromirrors is further to the package substrate than the substrate on which the electrode array is formed.
- 77. The method of claim 75, wherein the lubricant comprises a perfluoropolyether.
- 78. The method of claim 77, wherein the perfluoropolyether has a molecular weight of from 500 to 5000.
- 79. The method of claim 75, wherein the lubricant comprises a perfluorinated hydrocarbon.
- 80. The method of claim 79, wherein the perfluorinated hydrocarbon comprises 20 carbons or less.
- 81. The method of claim 80, wherein the perfluorinated hydrocarbon is selected from alkanes, alcohols, ethers and glycols.
- 82. The method of claim 75, wherein the lubricant comprises a perfluorinated hydrocarbon.
- 83. The method of claim 75, wherein the lubricant has a melting temperature of around 50°C or lower.
- 84. The method of claim 75, wherein the lubricant has a boiling temperature of around 100°C or higher.
- 85. The method of claim 75, wherein the lubricant has a surface tension of 20 dynes /cm or lower.

- 86. The method of claim 75, wherein the lubricant has a viscosity in liquid phase of from 2 to 100 cP.
- 87. The method of claim 75, wherein the lubricant is mixed with a diluent that comprises: a perfluorinated hydrocarbon.
- 88. The method of claim 87, wherein the lubricant diluent is liquid at room temperature.
- 89. The method of claim 87, wherein the lubricant diluent does not decompose at a temperature of 200°C.
- 90. The package of claim 75, further comprising: a sealing material between the package substrate and the package cover for hermetically sealing the package.
- 91. The package of claim 75, wherein the capillary tubing has an interior diameter of from 2 to 500 micrometers.
- 92. The package of claim 75, wherein the capillary tubing has an interior diameter of from 100 to 200 micrometers.
- 93. The package of claim 75, wherein the amount of the lubricant inside the capillary tubing is determined by an interior volume of the capillary tubing.
- 94. The package of claim 75, wherein the capillary tubing has an interior volume that generally equals a particular amount of lubricant necessary for lubricating the surface.
- 95. The package of claim 94, wherein the particular amount of the lubricant is from 10 pl to 10 μ l.
- 96. The package of claim 95, wherein the particular amount of the lubricant is from 30 pl to 2 μ l.